AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims replaces all prior listings and versions:

1 to 56. (canceled).

57. (currently amended): A complex between an exogenous polypeptide molecule and a binding site in cellular chromatin, wherein the binding site comprises a target site and is in a region of cellular chromatin that is sensitive to a probe of chromatin structure.

58-62. (canceled)

- 63. (currently amended): The complex of claim 57, wherein the exogenous polypeptide molecule is a transcription factor.
- **64.** (previously presented): The complex of claim 63, wherein the transcription factor is a zinc finger protein (ZFP).
 - 65. (canceled)
 - **66.** (previously presented): A cell comprising the complex of claim 57.
 - 67. (canceled)
- 68. (currently amended): The cell of claim 66, wherein the exogenous <u>molecule</u> is a polypeptide [[is]] encoded by a nucleic acid introduced into the cell.
 - **69.** (previously presented): The cell of claim 66, wherein the cell is a plant cell.
- **70.** (previously presented): The cell of claim 66, wherein the cell is an animal cell.
 - 71. (previously presented): The cell of claim 66, wherein the cell is a human cell.

72-86. (canceled)

- **87.** (previously presented) The complex of claim 57, wherein the probe of chromatin structure is a chemical probe.
- **88.** (previously presented) The complex of claim 57, wherein the probe of chromatin structure is an enzymatic probe.
- **89.** (previously presented) The complex of claim 88, wherein the enzymatic probe is DNase I.
- **90.** (previously presented) The complex of claim 88, wherein the enzymatic probe is a restriction endonuclease.
- 91. (withdrawn, currently amended) A method for forming a complex between an exogenous polypeptide molecule and a binding site in a first region of interest in cellular chromatin, wherein the binding site comprises a target site, wherein the method comprises:
- (a) identifying a second region, within the region of interest, that is sensitive to a probe of chromatin structure;
- (b) identifying a target site for the exogenous polypeptide molecule within the second region; and
 - (c) introducing the exogenous polypeptide molecule into the cell; whereby the exogenous molecule binds to the binding site.
- **92.** (withdrawn) The method according to claim 91 wherein the cellular chromatin is in a chromosome.
- 93. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 91 wherein the probe of chromatin structure is a nuclease.

- **94.** (withdrawn, currently amended) The method according to claim 91, wherein the polypeptide exogenous molecule is a transcription factor.
- 95. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 94 wherein the transcription factor is a zinc finger protein (ZFP).
- 96. (withdrawn, currently amended) The method according to claim 91 wherein the exogenous molecule is a polypeptide [[is]] encoded by an exogenous nucleic acid introduced into the cell.
- **97.** (withdrawn) The method according to claim 91, wherein the cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 98. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 97, wherein the cell is a plant cell.
- **99.** (withdrawn) The method according to claim 97, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
- 100. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 99, wherein the cell is a human cell.
- 101. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 91, wherein the binding site is in a coding region.
- 102. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 91, wherein the binding site is in a non-coding region.